TICK-TOCK IT'S TIME FOR TICK TALK

Tick-borne diseases (TBD) are on the rise.

The number of reported cases has increased from 48,610 in 2016 to 59,349 in 2017.² To protect yourself, think of the number 3.



3 FAST FACTS

- 1. Ticks are more closely related to spiders than to insects. They have 8 legs, not 6!1
- 2. Ticks "quest" for their prey; they don't fly or jump. They have to reach out with their front legs to attach to potential prey, and just hope for the best.¹
- 3. Ticks must have a bloodmeal to survive and advance to the next lifestage.



3 MORE REASONS TO AVOID TICKS

- 1.Ticks spread many diseases, including Lyme disease and Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever.
- 2. The Lone Star Tick is associated with the alpha-gal allergy or the "red meat allergy", causing some individuals to have adverse reactions when consuming certain meats.3
- 3. Symptoms of a TBD can show up in 24 hours to 30 days, depending on the pathogen.²



3 TIPS TO AVOID CONTACT

- 1. Wear long pants tucked into boots, long sleeved shirts, and hats that protect from questing ticks. You can treat clothing with permethrin for extra protection! ²
- 2.Use an EPA-registered repellent! Including DEET, picardin, or Oil of Lemon Eucalyptus. ²
- 3.Do a "Tick Check" immediately after outdoor activities. 2



3-STEP TICK CHECK

- 1. Check in the nooks and crannies of your body where ticks can hide and feed. ²
- 2. Check children in a safe manner for ticks, especially in their hair. 4
- 3. Don't forget about pets! Ticks love dogs and cats and their ears and toes! ²



3 ACTIONS TO TAKE IF YOU FIND SOMETHING

- 1. Prepare to remove the tick quickly! Time is of the essence.²
- 2. Use tweezers to firmly grasp the tick and pull outward from the skin with even pressure. Hold steady!²
- 3. Clean the area, watch for symptoms, keep the tick for identification, then dispose in ethanol or flush it down the toilet!²
- 1.www.pestworld.org/news-hub/pest-articles/interesting-tick-facts
- 2.www.cdc.gov/ticks 3 Jackson W.Landon "
 - ackson, W Landon. "Mammalian meat allergy following a tick bite: a case report." Oxford medical case reports vol. 2018,2 omx098. 21 Feb. 2018, doi:10.1093/omcr/omx098